

Composition Series in a Group

Def - Let G be a group. A composition series for G is a (finite) chain of successive subgroups of G denoted by

$$\{e\} = G_0 \leq G_1 \leq \dots \leq G_n = G$$

with the following properties

1.) G_i is a normal subgroup of G_{i+1} for all $0 \leq i \leq n-1$

2.) G_{i+1}/G_i is a simple group for all $0 \leq i \leq n-1$

The length of the composition series is the number n , and the composition factors of the composition series are the quotient groups G_{i+1}/G_i

Note \rightarrow Simple group - A group G is said to be a simple group if it has no nontrivial proper normal subgroups. This condition ② requires each of the

Composition factor G_{i+1}/G_i to have no nontrivial proper normal subgroups

for example, Consider $G = \mathbb{Z}_{12}$ the cyclic group of order 12 and write $\mathbb{Z}_{12} = \langle a \rangle$ so that $a^{12} = 1$

Recall that every subgroup of a cyclic group is cyclic. Thus all of the subgroups of $G = \mathbb{Z}_{12}$ are

$$\mathbb{Z}_1 \cong \{1\} = \langle 1 \rangle$$

$$\mathbb{Z}_2 \cong \{1, a^6\} = \langle a^6 \rangle$$

$$\mathbb{Z}_3 \cong \{1, a^4, a^8\} = \langle a^4 \rangle$$

$$\mathbb{Z}_4 \cong \{1, a^3, a^6, a^9\} = \langle a^3 \rangle$$

$$\mathbb{Z}_6 \cong \{1, a^2, a^4, a^6, a^8, a^{10}\} = \langle a^2 \rangle$$

Then $\mathbb{Z}_1, \mathbb{Z}_2, \mathbb{Z}_3$ and \mathbb{Z}_6 are subgroups of \mathbb{Z}_{12} . Since every cyclic group is abelian.

Each of these groups are normal subgroups.

$$\{e\} = Z_1 \leq Z_2 \leq Z_4 \leq Z_{12} = G$$

$$\{e\} = Z_1 \leq Z_2 \leq Z_6 \leq Z_{12} = G$$

$$\{e\} = Z_1 \leq Z_3 \leq Z_6 \leq Z_{12} = G$$

The three series above are all composition series for $G = Z_{12}$.